Date Revised: 4/2/2025 **Date Issued:** 02/28/2017

Version 1.5

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY

DURING BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 966-3458 | OUTSIDE BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 420-7186

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Gorilla Spray Adhesive

Intended Use of the Product Adhesive.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

The Gorilla Glue Company 2101 E. Kemper Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45241

513-271-3300

www.gorillatough.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-420-7186 (Prosar)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Simple Asphy. 1 H304 Flam. Aerosol 1 H222 Gas under pressure - liquified gas H280 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 STOT SE 3 H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and

incompatible materials. - No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264+P265 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after

handling. Do not touch eyes.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

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P301+P316 – IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P319 - Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P332+P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Not applicable

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%*
Methyl acetate	(CAS No) 79-20-9	25-50
Cyclohexane	(CAS No) 110-82-7	10-25
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	10-25
1,1-Difluoroethane	(CAS No) 75-37-6	2.5-10
Dimethyl ether	(CAS No) 115-10-6	2.5-10
Propane	(CAS No) 74-98-6	2.5-10
Butane	(CAS No) 106-97-8	2.5-10
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	0.1-1.0

^{*}All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredients are a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments: Other components are not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits. The exact concentration has been withheld as a trade secret.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

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First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention. If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: May cause frostbite on contact with the liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. In elevated concentrations may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased breathing rate. Symptoms of asphyxiation include headache, dizziness, rapid breathing, increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use fire extinguisher with class B rating. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical. Sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable aerosol.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Container may explode in heat of fire.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to incompatible materials.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not get water inside containers. Do not apply water stream directly at source of leak. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Aliphatic fragments.

Hydrocarbons. Fluorinated hydrocarbons. Methanol. Formaldehyde. hydrofluoric acid. Phosgene. Fluorine compounds. Aldehydes. Ketones. Irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, gas.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Stop leak, if possible without risk. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Use only non-sparking tools. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Asphyxiating gas at high concentrations. Contact with the liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. **Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from ignition sources. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Concentrated Oxygen. Acid anhydrides. Powdered metals. Alkalis. Alkali earth metals. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid. Potassium permanganate. Halogenated compounds. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

Specific End Use(s) No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

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1,1-Difluoroethan USA AIHA WE Propane (74-98-6 USA NIOSH NIC USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US	EEL TWA (ppm) ne (75-37-6) EEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm 1000 ppm	
1,1-Difluoroethan USA AIHA WE Propane (74-98-6 USA NIOSH NIC USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US	ne (75-37-6) EEL TWA (ppm) DSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1000 ppm	
USA AIHA WE Propane (74-98-6 USA NIOSH NIC USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US	EEL TWA (ppm)) OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)		
Propane (74-98-6 USA NIOSH NIC USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US	DSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)		
USA NIOSH NIC USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US	OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)		
USA NIOSH NIC USA IDLH US			
USA IDLH US	OSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1800 mg/m ³	
	, , , , ,	1000 ppm	
USA OSHA OSI	IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm (10% LEL)	
	HA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³	
USA OSHA OSI	HA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
Butane (106-97-8)	()		
USA ACGIH ACC	GIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm	
Cyclohexane (110)-82-7)		
USA ACGIH ACC	GIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1050 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm	
USA IDLH US	IDLH (ppm)	1300 ppm (10% LEL)	
USA OSHA OSI	HA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1050 mg/m³	
USA OSHA OSI	HA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm	
Methyl acetate (7	79-20-9)		
USA ACGIH ACC	GIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
	GIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m ³	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
	IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm (10% LEL)	
USA OSHA OSI	HA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³	
USA OSHA OSI	HA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Methyl alcohol (6	Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
	GIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
USA ACGIH ACC		250 ppm	
	GIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the	
	· .	cutaneous route	
USA ACGIH Bio	ological Exposure Indices (BEI)	15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end	
	. , ,	of shift (background, nonspecific)	
USA NIOSH NIC	OSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
	OSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
	OSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m ³	
	OSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
	IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm	
	HA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³	
	HA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	

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GORILLA TOUGH

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Acetone (67-	-64-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end
		of shift (nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2500 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Methanol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (Ceiling)	Not Established
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.











Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves. If material is cold, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

Eve Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection

- : Wear suitable protective clothing.
- espiratory Protection : Use a NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Thermal Hazard Protection

: Wear thermally resistant protective clothing.

Environmental Exposure Controls : Other Information :

Avoid release to the environment.When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid (spray aerosol)

Appearance : White Odor : Solvent

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Odor Threshold

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Evaporation Rate Melting Point Freezing Point Boiling Point Flash Point

Auto-ignition Temperature **Decomposition Temperature**

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C

Relative Density Specific Gravity

Solubility

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water

Viscosity

Explosive Properties

Lower Flammable Limit Upper Flammable Limit

Other Information

Gas Group

Flame projection **Concentrate Viscosity** : No data available

: 55 °C (131 °F)

: -104.4 °C (-155.92 °F)

: No data available

: No data available

: No data available

: No data available

: 35-55

: No data available

: 0.72

: No data available

: No data available

: No data available

: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Supports

combustion.

: 1.9 %

: 18.0 %

: Liquefied gas

: 24 in. with Flash Back of 2 in.

: 75-225 cPs

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability: Flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Concentrated Oxygen. Acid anhydrides. Powdered metals. Alkalis. Alkaline earth metals. Nitric acid. Sulfuric acid. Potassium permanganate. Halogenated compounds. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	308 mg/l/4h	
Propane (74-98-6)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h	

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Butane (106-97-8)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	30957 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	12705 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	13.9 mg/l/4h	
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5 g/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5 g/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	16000 ppm/4h	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	3 mg/l/4h	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)	
ATE (Oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE (Dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	5800 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	15688 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	44 g/m³	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	75.8 mg/l/4h	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
LD50 Oral	100 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal	500 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation	3 mg/l	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas/liquid escaping the

container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity		
Ecology - General	: Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)		
LC50 Fish 1	733 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	720 mg/l	
ErC50 (Algae)	419 mg/l	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
LC50 Fish 1	3.96 - 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.9 mg/l	
LC50 Fish 2	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
LC50 Fish 1	295 - 348 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1026.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 Fish 2	250 - 350 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
LC50 Fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1340 mg/l	
LC50 Fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
LC50 Fish 1	4144.846 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1679.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
LC50 Fish 2	6210 (6210 - 8120) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas	
	[static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2	12600 (12600 - 12700) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
Persistence and Degradability		
Gorilla Spray Adhesive		
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Persistence and Degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Bioaccumulative Potential		
Gorilla Spray Adhesive		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)		
Log Pow	-0.18	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Log Pow	2.3	
Butane (106-97-8)		
Log Pow	2.89	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Log Pow	3.44	
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
Log Pow	0.18	

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Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
BCF Fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-0.77	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
BCF Fish 1	0.69	
Log Pow	-0.24	
Log Kow	-0.24	

Mobility in Soil No additional information available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Hazard Class : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

ERG Number : 126

Other Information : A marine pollutant designation is not required when shipped in a single package or

combination packaging containing inner packaging with contents of 5L or less. Otherwise, the

above descriptions apply.

In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Hazard Class : 2
Division : 2.1
Identification Number : UN1950
Label Codes : 2.1
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U



Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

Additional Information : This product, when in compliance with IMDG Code 37-14, section 2.10.2.7, is not subject to

any other provisions of the IMDG code relevant to marine pollutants. For inclusion in another hazard class all provisions of the IMDG code relevant to any additional hazards continue to

apply.

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FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY

DURING BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 966-3458 | OUTSIDE BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 420-7186

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations.

In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Identification Number: UN1950Hazard Class: 2Label Codes: 2.1Division: 2.1ERG Code (IATA): 10L



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Gorilla Spray Adhesive		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
	Sudden release of pressure hazard	
	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Propane (74-98-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Butane (106-97-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	, ,	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Methyl acetate (79-20-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Acetic acid (64-19-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	

US State Regulations

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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1,1-Difluoroethane (75-37-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Propane (74-98-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Butane (106-97-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Cyclohexane (110-82-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methyl acetate (79-20-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Acetone (67-64-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Methanol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

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NFPA health hazard

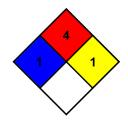
: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.



GHS Full Text Phrases:

ull Text Phrases:	
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Flam. Aerosol 1	Flammable aerosol Category 1
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Flam. Liq. 1	Flammable liquids Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Sol. 2	Flammable solids Category 2
Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Simple Asphy	Simple Asphyxiant
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas

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H222	Extremely flammable aerosol
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H228	Flammable solid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Simple Asphy	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet was prepared by qualified personnel and to the best of our knowledge is true and accurate. The information and recommendations are furnished for this product with the understanding that the purchaser will independently determine the suitability of the product for this purpose. This data does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise, nor is it representation for which The Gorilla Glue Company assumes legal responsibility. The data is submitted for the user's information and consideration only. Any use of this product must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.

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